## Reception Autumn 2

New EYFS Framework 2021

Read me a story (from around the world)

Prime areas of learning

**Physical development** 

Children learn to:

Personal, social and emotional development

Children learn to:

**Learning Outcomes** 

**Communication & language** 

Children learn to:

Listening, Attention and Understanding:	Self-Regulation :	Gross Motor Skills:
<ul> <li>Learn new vocabulary linked to daily routine / theme</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Begin to express feelings and consider the feelings of others</li> </ul>	Revise and consolidate movement skills already acquired: - rolling - crawling -
■Begin to engage in story time	<ul> <li>Begin to set own goals and show resilience and perseverance in the</li> </ul>	walking - jumping - running - hopping - skipping – climbing
•Listen to and begin to talk about stories to build familiarity and understanding	face of challenge - Set a shared goal with a friend	Begin to develop overall body-strength, balance, co-ordination and agility.
•Listen carefully to rhymes and songs and begin to pay attention to how they sound	<ul> <li>Begin to identify and moderate own feelings socially and</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Begin to use their core muscle strength to achieve a good posture when sitting at</li> </ul>
•Learn rhymes, songs & poems	emotionally	a table or sitting on the floor
•Anticipate words, begin to adapt phrases (with support)	Managing Self:	Begin to combine different movements with ease and fluency
Speaking:	•Manage own self-care needs - □ zips □ buttons □ coats □ shoes	<ul> <li>Begin to confidently and safely use a range of large and small apparatus indoors</li> </ul>
•Use new vocabulary throughout the day	<ul> <li>Develop confidence to try new activities and show independence</li> </ul>	and outside, alone and in a group
<ul> <li>Begin to ask questions to find out more and to check they understand what has</li> </ul>	•Know and begin to talk about the different factors that support	<ul> <li>Further develop and refine a range of ball skills including: throwing, catching,</li> </ul>
been said to them e.g Model & encourage questions after instructions	their overall health and wellbeing: toothbrushing, healthy food	kicking
Begin to articulate their ideas and thoughts in well-formed sentence	Building Relationships:	■ Further develop the skills they need to manage the school day successfully: □
Begin to connect one idea or action to another using a range of connectives	Begin to see self as a valuable individual	lining up and queuing □ mealtimes □ personal hygiene
because, although, but	<ul> <li>Begin to build constructive and respectful relationships</li> </ul>	Fine Motor Skills:
Begin to describe events in some detail		<ul> <li>Use a comfortable grip with good control when holding pens and pencils</li> </ul>
•Develop social phrases		<ul> <li>Continue to develop small motor skills so that they can use a range of tools</li> </ul>
Begin to retell a simple story, once they have developed a deep familiarity with the		competently, safely and confidently. Suggested tools: pencils for drawing and
text; some as exact repetition and some in their own words		writing, paintbrushes, scissors, knives, forks and spoons
Begin to show an awareness of how stories are structured.		
Begin to articulate their ideas & thoughts in well-formed sentences (including the		
use of some irregular tenses).		

Specific areas of learning					
Literacy (including Phonics)		Mathematics	Understa	nding the world	Expressive arts and design
Children learn to:  Understand the five key concepts about print  Continue to develop P1 phonological awareness: rhythm & rhyme; alliteration; oral blending and Read individual letters by saying the sounds for them – secure P2 phonics  Blend sounds into words, so that they can read short words made up of known letter– sound cor applying P2 phonics to read VC and simple CVC words  Begin to read a few common exception words matched to the school's phonic programme – P2  Begin to read simple phases / sentences, applying P2 phonic knowledge  Begin to re-read books to build up their confidence in word reading, their fluency and their unde enjoyment  Read pink B guided reading books  Write name correctly, using correct letter formation  Use some of their print and letter knowledge in their early writing  Begin to form some lower-case letters correctly  Begin to spell words by identifying the sounds and then writing the sound with letter/s, phase 2 CVC words  Begin to re-read what they have written to check that it makes sense  Begin to spell words by identifying the sounds and then writing the sound with letter/s, using know spell Use  initial sounds  CVC words  Write labels  Begin to write lists & captions, focusing onlabel, caption, space	erstanding and	Children learn to: Recite numbers to 10 Count objects, actions and sounds Subitise 3/4 objects (quick recall without counting) Link the number symbol (numeral) with its cardinal number value to 5 Compare quantities to 5 Understand 'one more/less than' to 5 Explore the composition of numbers to 5 Begin to explore number bonds to 5 Select, rotate and manipulate shapes in order to develop spatial reasoning skills Continue, copy and create repeating patterns Begin to compare length and weight and capacity	past People, Culture Talk about m community Name and de Begin to unde members of th Begin to reco celebrate spec Natural Word Explore the n Describe wha Understand th	nt ment on images of familiar situations in the e and Communities embers of their immediate family and scribe people who are familiar to them erstand that some places are special to	Children learn to: Creating with materials  • Draw with increasing complexity and detail, such as representing a face with a circle and including details  • Continue to explore colour and colour mixing. Being imaginative and expressive  • Begin to develop storylines in their pretend play – including those linked to focus text  • Begin to listen attentively, move to and talk about music, expressing their feelings and responses  • Sing in a group or on their own  • Begin to explore and engage in music making and dance  • Show different emotions in drawings and paintings Begin to return to and build upon previous learning.
Characteristics of effective learning					
Play and exploring Children learn to:  • Make individual choices  • Do things independently which have been taught previously  • Share and talk about their own interests and fascinations  • Engage confidently in new experiences	Active learning Children learn to: Participate in daily routines and predict the sequence of routine Use a range of strategies to reach a goal they have set themselv Begin to correct their mistakes Keep in trying when things are difficult			Creating and thinking critically Children learn to: • Share their own ideas • Take part in simple pretend play and use to understand another perspective. • Concentrate on achieving something that is important to them • Solve real problems	

## Activity Ideas

Prime areas of learning			
Communication & language	Personal, social and emotional development	Physical development	
<ul> <li>leaning new songs —" in the Autumn time"         https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=n5Ov7KxpTqM</li></ul>	<ul> <li>goal setting activity: children talk about what they would like to be able to do this year. Write them down on a target for a display.</li> <li>session on how to put your coat on <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=mUaRSG6a3JU">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=mUaRSG6a3JU</a></li> <li>healthy eating activity</li> <li>toothbrushing song and practise <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Ku-ForS6G3I">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Ku-ForS6G3I</a></li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Weekly session in the hall. The focus being to walk to the hall, take shoes off, put socks in shoes, find a space, move and stop to the tambourine. Move body in different ways and listen to instructions.</li> </ul>	

learning a new question word each v using it to ask questions about a stor instructions	child in conversation so far	s at snack time to engage another n e.g. ask them about their day	
	Specific a	reas of learning	
Literacy (including Phonics)	Mathematics	Understanding the world	Expressive arts and design
Week 1/2/3 Leaf Thief 1 – no focus (only 3 days) 2 – ordering the story and writing a caption/label 3 – story map and writing a caption/label Week 4/5/6 People who help us 4 – What do you want to be when you grow up? 5- Pick an occupation and write a caption/label 6 – Christmas list for Santa Week 7 – Christmas week	<ul> <li>reciting numbers to 10 activities</li> <li>counting objects</li> <li>counting actions</li> <li>counting sounds</li> <li>matching numerals to amounts to 5</li> <li>comparing quantities of objects to 5</li> <li>subitising to 5</li> <li>one more/one less to 5 activities</li> <li>exploring numbers to 5 – if we split them in different ways is it still the same number. Use part/part/whole sheets and different bowls/trays to model this</li> <li>rotating and manipulating 2D shapes to make different pictures</li> <li>create and continue AABBAABB patterns</li> <li>comparing lengths of different objects (Autumn leaves, worms, squirrels etc.)</li> <li>comparing weights of different objects (Autumn vegetables, small pots of resources)</li> </ul>	Past and present  Children to bring in a pictures of them celebrating a special occasion at home (Christmas, birthday, eid etc). Make a class display with speech bubbles of children talking about their occasion. — WEEK 7  People, Culture and Community  My community activity. Model a community tree. Put self in the middle and then branches off it parents/carers, siblings, aunties, uncles, cousins, friends, teachers etc — WEEK 4  4th November — Diwali activities. Explain the story in carpet session and make Rangoli patterns. — WEEK 1  The Christmas story. Talk about Christians and other religions that don't celebrate Christmas.  Armistice day activity — WEEK 2  Anti bullying activity, Tyrannosaurus Drip — WEEK 3  Natural World  Go on a nature walk at the start of half term — Autumn — and the end of half term — Winter. Collate all the evidence (collect leaves, take photos etc) found and compare the two. What has changed? — WEEK 1 AND WEEK 7	Creating with materials  Repeat last half term's activity of making a portrait of a friend. Look at their last portrait. How can it be improved? – WEEK 5  Mixing different colours and experimenting with how to make them darker and lighter. Use Brusho.  Being imaginative and expressive  Dance session in the hall – see above in PD  Singing group songs – see CLL  Children being the 'singing teacher' choosing a song, modelling to the class/group and then giving feedback to children. – see CLL  Session (s) with the instruments. Making fast/slow sounds and loud/quiet sounds  Emotion paintings. Playing sad/happy music and/or showing sad/happy images – can the children represent these in paint? – WEEK 6

using social phrases at snack time to engage another

learning a new question word each week and practising

Book area	Water area	Role play area	

Malleable area	Sensory trays	Construction area
Writing area	Maths area	Creative area
Funky fingers/name writing station	Small world area	Investigation area
, , ,		